

Investor Presentation

J.P. Morgan Healthcare Conference – San Francisco

January 2026

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This presentation contains certain forward-looking statements, with respect to GENFIT, including, but not limited to statements about our achievement of key milestones enabling us to receive payments under our license agreement with Ipsen, the successful commercialization of Iqirvo® (elafibranor), our achievement of the necessary objectives to obtain the future €55 million in additional payments under the royalty financing agreement signed with HCRx, anticipated timing for study commencement and data readouts, in particular regarding our development programs for G1090N in the prevention and/or treatment of ACLF and for GNS561 in CCA, and development plans for our other pipeline programs, market estimates for the disease areas where we are pursuing R&D and our financial outlook including cash flow and cash burn projections. The use of certain words, such as "believe", "potential", "expect", "target", "may", "will", "should", "could", "if" and similar expressions, is intended to identify forward-looking statements. Although the Company believes its expectations are based on the current expectations and reasonable assumptions of the Company's management, these forward-looking statements are subject to numerous known and unknown risks and uncertainties, which could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in, or implied or projected by, the forward-looking statements. These risks and uncertainties include, among others, the uncertainties inherent in research and development, including in relation to non-clinical and pre-clinical programs, reproducibility of preclinical results, the translation of animal model data to human biology, in relation to safety of drug candidates, cost of, progression of, and results from, our ongoing and planned clinical trials, patient recruitment, review and approvals by regulatory authorities in the United States, Europe and worldwide, of our drug and diagnostic candidates, pricing, approval and commercial success of elafibranor in the relevant jurisdictions, exchange rate fluctuations, and our continued ability to raise capital to fund our development, as well as those risks and uncertainties discussed or identified in the Company's public filings with the AMF, including those listed in Chapter 2 "Risk Factors and Internal Control" of the Company's 2024 Universal Registration Document filed on April 29, 2025 (no. 25-0331) with the Autorité des marchés financiers ("AMF"), which is available on GENFIT's website (www.genfit.fr) and the AMF's website (www.amf.org), and those discussed in the public documents and reports filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), including the Company's 2024 Annual Report on Form 20-F filed with the SEC on April 29, 2025 and subsequent filings and reports filed with the AMF or SEC including the Half-Year Business and Financial Report at June 30, 2025 or otherwise made public, by the Company. In addition, even if the results, performance, financial position and liquidity of the Company and the development of the industry in which it operates are consistent with such forward-looking statements, they may not be predictive of results or developments in future periods. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of publication of this press release. Other than as required by applicable law, the Company does not undertake any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking information or statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise

Exec Summary

1

Iqirvo[®]: Strong commercial sales¹ trajectory in PBC

- Key contributing factor to GENFIT 's robust financial position
- Next update by IPSEN: February 12, 2026

2

G1090N in ACLF: Safety profile and anti-inflammatory activity

- A promising investigational candidate for patients with ACLF and acute decompensation
- Solid foundation to progress into Phase 2 POC studies across the ACLF continuum

3

GNS561 in CCA: Safety profile and early antitumor activity

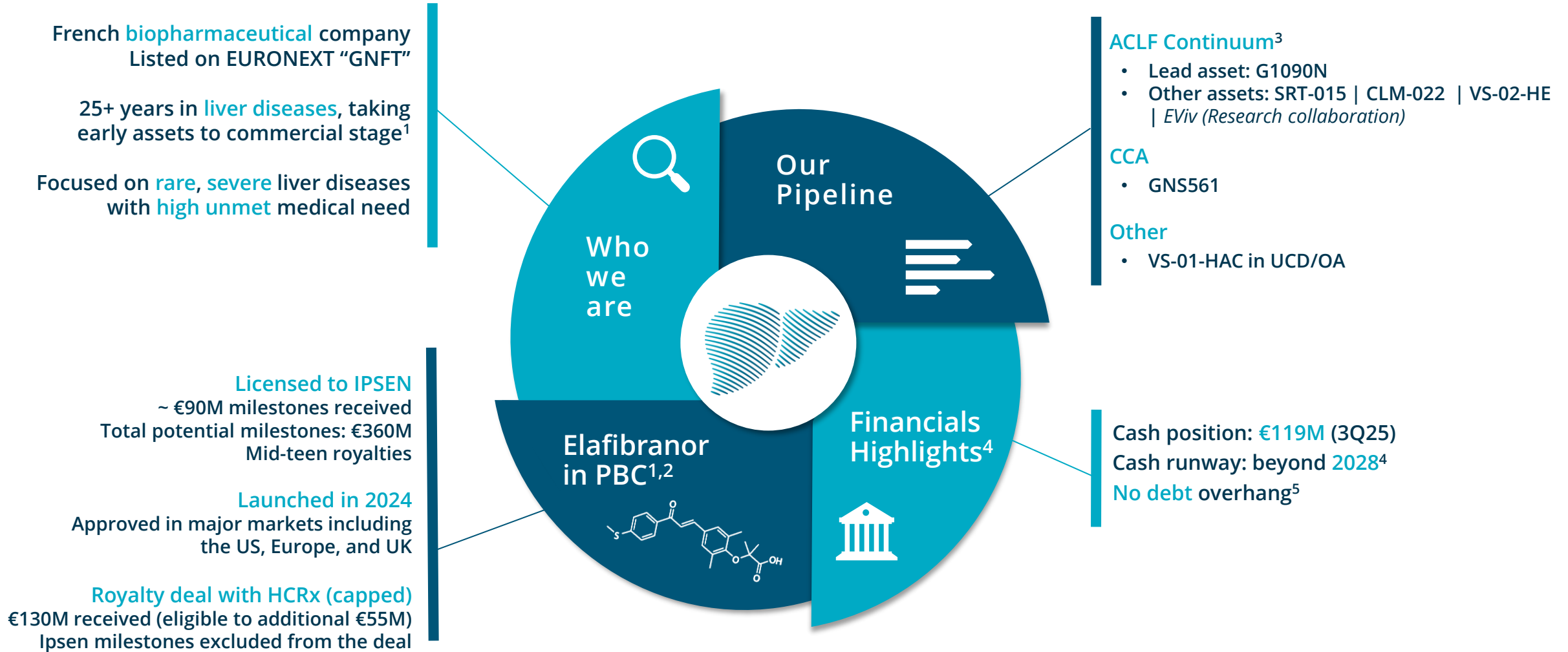
- Recommended Phase 2 doses expected for 1H26, Phase 2 initiation targeted for 2H26
- A potential to expand beyond CCA & to combine with other anticancer agents

4

Other R&D programs

- Continuum ACLF: SRT-015, CLM-022, VS-02-HE, *EViv*²
- UCD/OA: VS-01-HAC

Corporate Highlights



1. In-house from discovery to interim Phase 3 data readout, today commercialized by IPSEN - [PR - Ipsen and GENFIT enter into exclusive licensing agreement for elafibranor, a Phase III asset evaluated in Primary Biliary Cholangitis, as part of a long-term global partnership](#)
 2. Closing subject to approval by the 2025 OCEANE bondholders at upcoming bondholders meeting - [PR - January 2025 30 - GENFIT Announces Non-Dilutive Royalty Financing Agreement and Debt Overhang Resolution Plan](#) | [PR - GENFIT Reports First Quarter 2025 Financial Information](#)
[PR - GENFIT to receive a €26.5 million milestone payment following the approval of pricing and reimbursement of Ipsen's Inlyngo in Italy](#)
 3. The ACLF pipeline covers a broad spectrum of conditions that patients with ACLF (Acute-on-Chronic Liver Failure) may experience, including Acute Decompensation (AD) or Hepatic Encephalopathy (HE). - [PR - EVivZom](#)
 4. [PR - GENFIT Reports Third Quarter 2025 Financial Information and Provides a Corporate Update](#)
 5. This estimation is based on current assumptions and programs and does not include exceptional events. This estimation assumes (i) our expectation to receive significant future commercial milestone revenue pursuant to the license agreement with Ipsen and Ipsen meeting its sales-based thresholds and (ii) drawing down all additional installments under the Royalty Financing agreement with HCRx.

Solid Commercial Performance from Ipsen in PBC

1. Rapid regulatory approvals¹



2024



FDA



EMA



MHRA

2025

3 major EU countries

Reimbursement

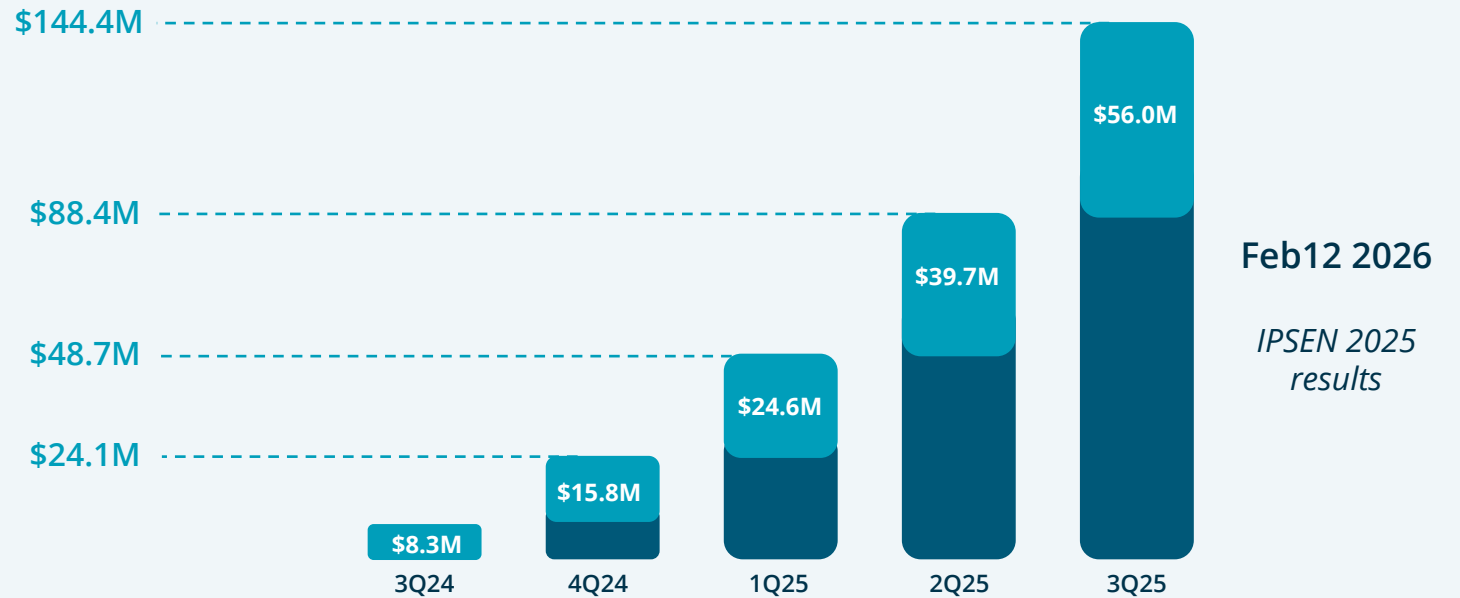


Cumul. milestones payments received³

€88.5M

2. Successful commercial launch

Iqirvo[®] sales (global, quarterly) since commercial launch²



Cumul. royalties received⁴

€15.3M

Sep'25: Intercept Announces Voluntary Withdrawal of OCALIVA[®] for Primary Biliary Cholangitis (PBC) from the US Market⁵

1. Ipsen's Iqirvo[®] receives U.S. FDA accelerated approval
Ipsen's Iqirvo[®] (elafibranor) approved in the European Union

2. Ipsen delivers strong sales in the first quarter 2025
Ipsen publishes its URD2024
Ipsen sales 3Q25

3. FDA New Drug Application and EMA Marketing Authorization Application accepted | First commercial sale of Iqirvo[®] in the US | Reimbursement in a 3rd European country - Italy

4. GENFIT Announces Non-Dilutive Royalty Financing Agreement and Debt Overhang Resolution Plan
GENFIT Announces Completion of Non-dilutive Royalty Financing Agreement with HCRx and Results of Repurchase Offer to 2025 OCEANs holders

5. Intercept Announces Voluntary Withdrawal of OCALIVA[®] for Primary Biliary Cholangitis (PBC) from the US Market

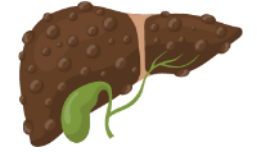
ACLF: A High Unmet Need

CHRONIC PHASE



= UNDERLYING CONDITION

- Alcohol Consumption
- Viruses
- Medications
- Metabolic Dysfunction
- Autoimmune Diseases
- Hereditary Diseases



The liver is scarred but **still functioning** and people can live for **years** in this state **without noticeable symptoms**

ACUTE PHASE



= PRECIPITANT

- Bacterial Infection
- Alcohol Consumption
- Other

↓

Liver function deteriorates and serious complications develop

- Ascites
- Hepatic encephalopathy
- Gastrointestinal bleeding

Urgent Hospitalisation



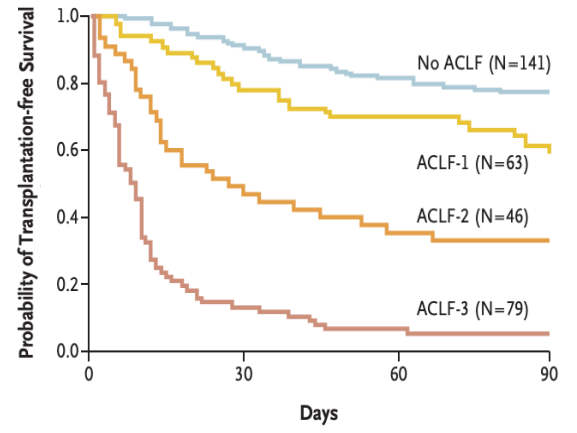
≥ 1 ORGAN DYSFUNCTIONS/FAILURES

- Kidney
- Cerebral
- Liver
- Circulatory
- Respiratory
- Coagulation

Hospitalisation / Intensive Care Unit



▶ NO APPROVED DRUGS



Death

A Strong Scientific Rationale for investigational drug G1090N, Our Lead Asset in ACLF

G1090N

Anti-inflammatory



Findings to date:

- ✓ Decreases systemic inflammation in animal models, including in ACLF models
- ✓ Protects liver, kidney & brain in rat models of ACLF by decreasing tissue damages
- ✓ Protects mice from mortality in a model of sepsis induced by gut leakage (AASLD 2024 poster)
- ✓ Prevents cell death via anti-apoptotic and anti-necroptotic effects (EASL 2024 poster)
- ✓ Reduces PAMPs-induced inflammation (AASLD 2024 poster)

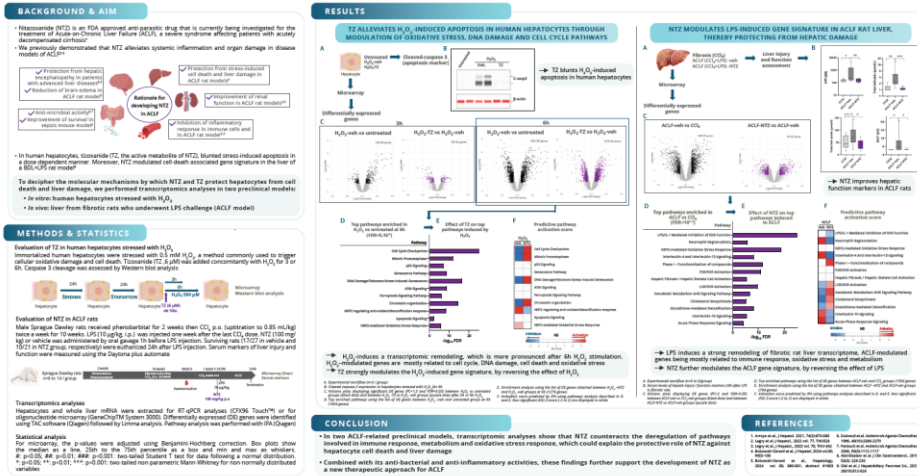
EASL 2025

NTZ ALLEVIATES STRESS-INDUCED HEPATOCYTE CELL DEATH THROUGH MODULATION OF OXIDATIVE STRESS AND DNA DAMAGE SIGNALING PATHWAYS IN ACLF MODELS

Marie Bobowski-Gerard¹, Nicolas Stramkovic Valentin¹, Sylvie Delacourte¹, Simon Debaecker¹, Nina S'Ervenste¹, Philippe Delattelle¹, Saïna Sayah Jeanne¹, Dean Hum¹, Vanessa Legry¹, Jérôme Eeckhoutte¹, Joan Clariá¹, Bart Staels¹

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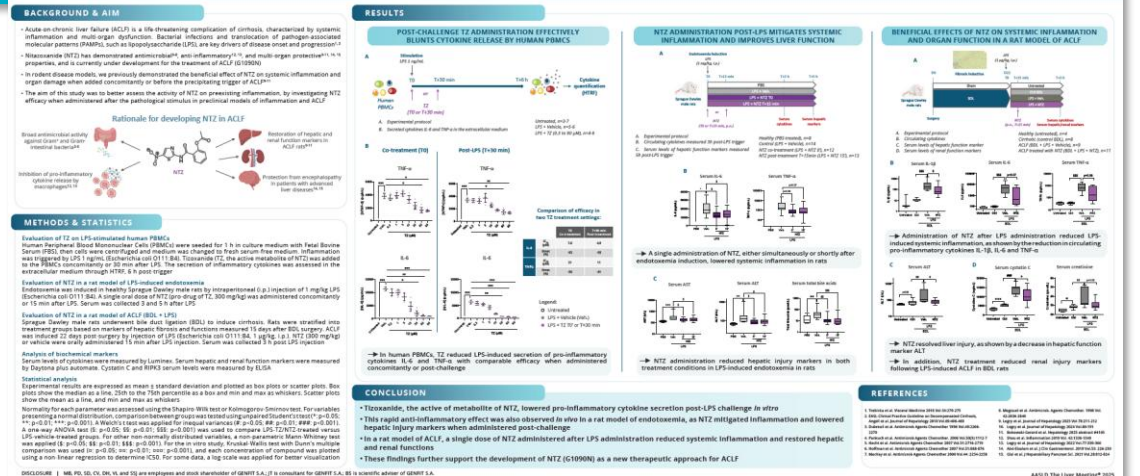
AASLD 2025

EFFICACY OF NITAZOXANIDE (NTZ) ON SYSTEMIC INFLAMMATION AND ORGAN FUNCTION IN DISEASE MODELS OF ACUTE-ON-CHRONIC LIVER FAILURE (ACLF) WHEN ADMINISTERED POST-ACLF TRIGGER

Marie Bobowski-Gerard¹, Philippe Delattelle¹, Simon Debaecker¹, Camille Vanbèsien¹, Dean Hum¹, Vanessa Legry¹, Bart Staels¹, Joël Trebicka¹, Saïna Sayah Jeanne¹

¹GENFIT SA, Louvain-la-Neuve, Belgium; ²INSERM, CHU Lille and Institut Pasteur de Lille, U1011 EDD, Lille, France; ³Hospital de la Geneva University, University of Geneva, Geneva, Switzerland; ⁴Department of Gastroenterology and Hepatology, University Hospital, Gießen, Germany

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- ▶ TZ blunts the apoptotic response in hepatocytes
- ▶ NTZ counteracts the dysregulation of pathways involved in immune response, metabolism and oxidative stress in the liver of ACLF rats, in relation with its in vitro protective activity in hepatocytes

- ▶ TZ lowers pro-inflammatory cytokine secretion post-LPS challenge in PBMCs
- ▶ In a rat model of ACLF, a single dose of NTZ administered after LPS administration reduces systemic inflammation and restores hepatic and renal functions

▶ ▶ Combined with its anti-bacterial properties, all these findings further support the development of NTZ as a new therapeutic approach for ACLF ◀ ◀

G1090N's Potential Recently Confirmed in the Clinic

G1090N

Anti-inflammatory



Oral



The safety profile observed in Phase 1 and the consistent biological activity evidenced in ex vivo assays represent a meaningful step in development. These findings position G1090N as a promising candidate for patients with AD and for patients with ACLF, a life-threatening condition with no approved therapies and significant unmet medical need. We are eager to see more patient data as the program moves forward, to confirm G1090N's safety and strengthen the case for its activity in patients with organ failure

Dr. Jacqueline O'Leary

MD at the UT Southwestern Medical Center, Dallas, TX (USA)



PRESS RELEASE

January 6, 2026

GENFIT: Favorable Phase 1 Safety Profile and Strong Anti-Inflammatory Activity for ACLF Lead Asset G1090N

- **Phase 1 results confirm investigational drug-candidate G1090N has a favorable safety and tolerability profile, supporting further clinical evaluation**
- **Compelling anti-inflammatory activity of G1090N was evidenced through functional ex vivo assays on blood samples from study participants and cirrhotic donors, showing inhibition of pro-inflammatory pathway**
- **Findings provide a solid foundation for advancing G1090N into Phase 2 proof-of-concept studies across the ACLF continuum**

CCA with KRAS mutation: A High Unmet Need

Rare and aggressive liver malignancy that develops in the bile ducts

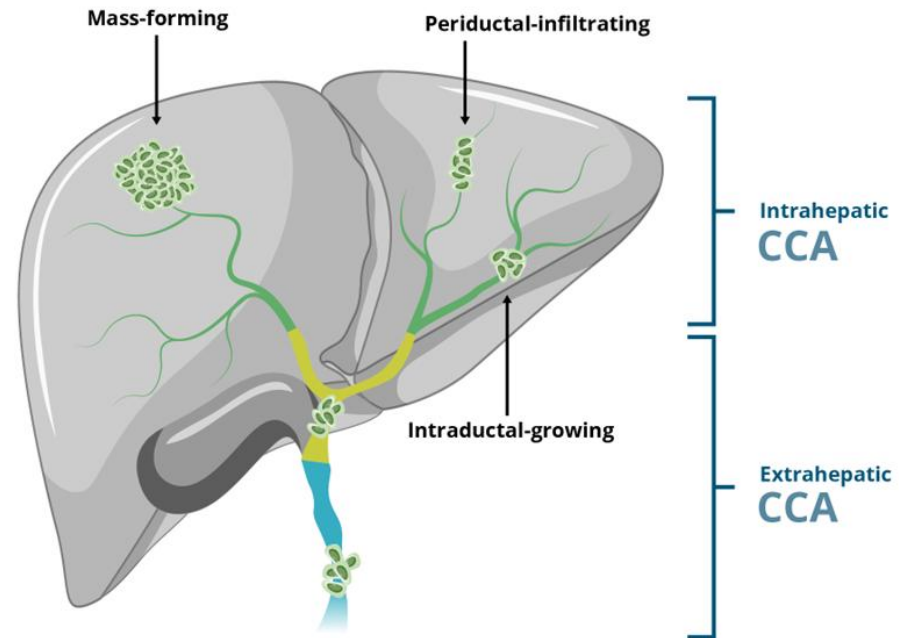
- As the cancer grows, it can **block the bile ducts** and lead to damage to the liver and other organs
- Without treatment **<20% of patients survive 5 years** from diagnosis¹

Unmet needs

- **Surgery** = primary treatment of CCA but **only 30%** of patients present with resectable tumors²
- First line and second line therapy = **survival is limited**²
- Rapid progression of the tumor until the **patient's death = 10-12 months** on current SoC³

~30% of patients with CCA harbour KRAS mutations⁴

- **one of the most common genes that might be mutated** or amplified resulting in the overactivation of some of these pathways⁵
- associate with **shorter survival**⁶
- KRAS mutation is **not addressed by current treatments** = **unmet needs** remain **very high** for these patients



Drawing: Adapted from Nature Reviews Gastroenterology & Hepatology volume 17, p. 557-588;
 1. Lamarca et al. 2021 | 2. Jesus M. Banales et al. 2020, Cholangiocarcinoma 2020: the next horizon in mechanisms and management. Nature Reviews Gastroenterology & Hepatology volume 17, p. 557-588;
 3. Banales et al., Cholangiocarcinoma 2026: status quo, unmet needs and priorities, Nat. Rev. Gastroenterol. Hepatol., 2025 | 4. Banales et al., Cholangiocarcinoma 2020: the next horizon in mechanisms and management, Nat Rev Gastroenterol Hepatol, 2020 | 5. Fitzwalter BE, Thorburn A. Recent insights into cell death and autophagy. FEBS J. 2015;282:4279-88. | 6. Signaling pathways involved in cholangiocarcinoma development and progression. Nature Reviews Gastroenterology & Hepatology volume 17, pages557-588 (2020)

Rationale for Combining Anticancer Therapies and investigational drug GNS561, an Autophagy Inhibitor

GNS561
PPT1 inhibitor in
combination with
a MEK inhibitor



Oral

#1 Anticancer Therapies

Chemotherapeutic agents

MAP Kinase pathway targeted therapies

Immune checkpoint inhibitors
(anti-PD-1/PD-L1)

#2 GNS561

(Autophagy inhibitor)

By **entering the lysosomes and inhibiting PPT1**, GNS561 acts to block late-stage autophagy, which can lead to tumor cell death

✓ Beneficial anti-cancer effects

- ▼ Cancer **cell survival**
- ▼ Tumor **growth**

✗ Autophagy: tumor cell survival mechanism

- ▲ Cancer **cell survival**
- ▲ Tumor **growth**
- ▲ **Resistance** to treatment

✓ Blocks cancer cell survival



Enabling simultaneous targeting of tumor growth and adaptive mechanisms of cancer cells

Phase 1b: Highly Encouraging Early Data

GNS561
PPT1 inhibitor in
combination with
a MEK inhibitor



Oral



Advanced KRAS-mutated cholangiocarcinoma remains a formidable clinical challenge, and the emerging activity seen in this initial study is encouraging. Because MEK inhibition alone has historically shown limited efficacy in this setting, the early signs of benefit with dual targeting of autophagy and MAPK signaling provide meaningful rationale for continued evaluation of this combination strategy

Dr. Mark Yarchoan

Associate Professor of Oncology at John Hopkins Medicine (Baltimore, MD, USA)
Principal investigator of the program



December 10, 2025

GENFIT: GNS561 Shows Promising Antitumor Activity in Combination Therapy

- **Highly encouraging early data from the ongoing Phase 1b study evaluating investigational drug GNS561 with a MEK inhibitor (MEKi) in KRAS mutated cholangiocarcinoma (CCA), positioning this novel combination as a potential new therapeutic approach for difficult-to-treat cancers:**
 - **No dose limiting toxicity reached to date, enabling recruitment of a third patient cohort**
 - **GNS561 and MEKi combination demonstrated disease stabilization in all evaluable patients with evidence of tumor shrinkage in a subset of patients, warranting further investigation**
 - **Recommended Phase 2 doses expected for 1H26**

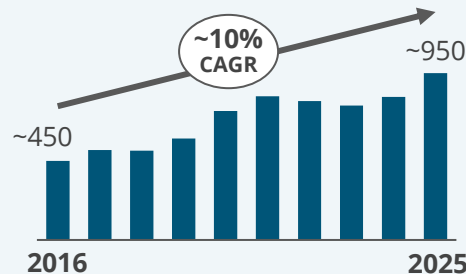
Moving Forward



- **Phase 1b dose escalation** will continue as planned to confirm activity signal
- **1Q2026** - New data from next patient cohorts expected
- **1H2026** - Completion expected results will be used to establish recommended Phase 2 combination doses
- **2H2026** – targeted Phase 2 initiation

Beyond CCA: a potential to explore the benefit of autophagy inhibition in other cancers

The number of **publications** implicating **autophagy** in **cancer treatment resistance** has **increased by ~10% each year** over the past 10 years^{1,2}



Rationale to expand GNS561 program into GI/liver tumors where:

- ✓ Autophagy plays a key role in resistance
- ✓ GNS561 has shown to accumulate the most
- ✓ There is a high incidence of MAPK alternations
- ✓ There is potential to combine with SoC (ICI, small molecules)



Hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC)



MSS colorectal cancer (CRC)



Pancreatic ductal adenocarcinoma (PDAC)



Gastro-pancreatic NET (GEP-NET)

~450,000 patients (in US, EU4+UK, and JP/CN)¹


Beyond MEKi: a potential to explore combinations with other anticancer agents

Anti-PD-1 | RAFi

Ex: Evidence already exists in HCC for GNS561 in combination with anti-PD-1 in a mouse model³

ACLF Continuum

UCD/OA



SRT-015
Injectable

ASK1 inhibitor

To inhibit **apoptosis, inflammation** (liver-centric), and **fibrosis**

Potential launch of First-in-human targeted 2H26




CLM-022

NLRP3 inflammasome inhibitor

To inhibit **inflammation** (systemic), and **cell death** (pyroptosis)

Potential launch of First-in-human targeted 1H27



VS-02-HE
Oral

Urease inhibitor

To reduce **hyperammonemia**, stabilize blood ammonia and **prevent HE**

Potential launch of First-in-human targeted 2H27

Research Collaboration with EVerZom¹



EViv
Injectable

Exosome Technology

Novel approach to **regenerative therapies**

Decision point ~1H27



VS-01-HAC
Peritoneal

Liposomal-based technology

To drain out **ammonia**
Potential **bridging therapy or first-line**

Potential launch of First-in-human targeted 2H26

Reflects management's anticipated times, which are subject to change

¹. PR.EVerZom

ACLF

Prevalence of ACLF
294,000 in 2021, US, EU4, UK
 ~**300,000** by 2036

Growing at Epidemic Rates
 +**26%** between 2006 and 2014¹

16 days
 Average length of **hospital stay**
(vs 7 days for cirrhotic patients)

\$52,000
 Average **cost** per hospitalization
 per patient in US

\$6.4Bn
 Estimated **annual cost burden** in US in 2021

~\$4Bn
 Potential **Market Opportunity**
 for grade 1-2 ACLF in US, EU4, UK by 2030

Oncology

Prevalence of CCA
20,000 to 30,000 for US, EU4, UK

~\$3.1Bn
 Market estimates for CCA
 for US, EU4, UK

Prevalence of iCCA 2L KRAS Mut.
 ~**4,500-6,000** for US, EU4, UK, CN, JP

~€160-200M
 Peak annual sales opportunity in
 iCCA 2L KRAS Mut. for US, EU4, UK, CN, JP

Prevalence of hepatobiliary cancer
 ~**85,000** for US, EU4, UK, CN, JP

Prevalence of liver/GI cancers
 ~**450,000** for US, EU4, UK, CN, JP

UCD/OA

Prevalence
2,000 to 3,000
 for US, EU4, UK

~\$1.1Bn
 Market estimates
 for US, EU4, UK